

Requiring Transplant Programs to Report in UNetSM a Change in Criterion or Status within 24 Hours of that Change, and Other Edits

Sponsored by the Thoracic Organ
Transplantation Committee

Policies Affected

- 3.7.3 (Adult Candidate Status)
- 3.7.4 (Pediatric Candidate Status)

24-Hour Policy Background

- The OPTN Contractor requires that:
 - Adult and pediatric heart transplant programs record in UNetSM changes to a candidate's status or criterion within 24 hours of that change
- Requirement is not in policy

Proposed 24-Hour Policy

■ Change in Status 1A or 1B Criterion or Eligibility

If a change in the candidate's medical condition makes the criterion used to justify a candidate's Status 1A or 1B no longer accurate, the transplant program must report the accurate information in UNetSM within 24 hours of the change in medical condition.

Pages 45 to 51 (all modifications)

Other Proposed Modifications

- Remove phrase that the OPTN contractor will notify “a responsible member of the transplant team” prior to downgrading a candidate’s Status
- Develop consistent language in the adult and pediatric policies regarding case referrals to the Thoracic Committee
- Edit the inotrope language in the pediatric policy so that it reads similarly as the adult policy
- Change in formatting and edits for plain language

Phrase Removal

- The OPTN contractor no longer notifies “a responsible member of the transplant team” prior to downgrading a candidate’s Status, in addition to displaying the candidate’s status in UNetSM
 - UNetSM displays a critical data section that lists candidates whose status are about to be downgraded
 - Clinicians may view a candidate’s status at any time in UNetSM

Case Referral and Inotrope Languages

- Similar presentation of language about adult and pediatric heart status exception case referrals to the Thoracic Organ Transplantation Committee for review
- Similar language about inotrope – that the OPTN contractor will maintain the list of medications in UNetSM

General Edits

- Similar presentation of language about submitting Status 1A and 1B exception requests and justification forms in adult and pediatric policies
 - Exception language section has a title
 - Status justification form submission section has a title

Questions?

Update on the Activities of the Thoracic Organ Transplantation Committee

Mark Barr, MD – Chair

Steve Webber, MD – Vice-Chair

Regional Meetings
September – December, 2011

Committee's Activities (1/2)

- Revising the Lung Allocation Score (LAS) system
 - Will be distributed for public comment in March, 2012
- Revising the pediatric heart policy for medical currency

Committee's Activities (2/2)

- Revising the adult heart policy for medical currency
 - Primary focus: updating the mechanical circulatory support section
- Working with the OPO committee to develop appropriate guidance for allocation of lungs supported using ex vivo lung perfusion

Heart Allocation System Data Update

Data Presented to the
OPTN/UNOS Thoracic Committee Meeting
September 13, 2011

Summary: Waiting List Outcomes

- Increase in the number of active waiting list registrations and urgent waiting list registrations
- Waiting list mortality in Status 1A and Status 1B appears to have decreased

Summary

Transplant Outcomes (1/2)

- Increase in the number of transplants in the most recent complete year
- Distribution of status at transplant has changed:
 - Increase in the number of candidates at Status 1A
 - Decrease in the number of candidates at Status 2

Summary

Transplant Outcomes (2/2)

- Borderline significant decline in post-transplant survival for adult, Status 2 recipients ($p=0.08$)
- Borderline significant increase in post-transplant survival for pediatric recipients (all statuses combined) ($p=0.098$)

Lung Allocation Score System Data Update

Data Presented to the OPTN/UNOS Thoracic
Committee on
September 13, 2011

Based on OPTN data as of August 5, 2011

Waiting List Outcomes (1/2)

- Total number of candidates is substantially lower than prior to the implementation of LAS (2005)
- Number of active candidates at least 12 years of age has increased during the most recent two years

Waiting List Outcomes (2/2)

- Distribution of LAS at listing has shifted towards higher scores in the years since implementation
- Waiting list mortality is lower, overall, since implementation

Post-Transplant Outcomes (1/2)

- Percentage of lungs transplanted has increased from pre- to post-LAS
- Huge increase in the number of transplants from pre-LAS to post-LAS
 - Large increase in transplants during the most recent complete year

Post-Transplant Outcomes (2/2)

- Substantial shift in the distribution of diagnosis from pre-LAS (greater than 50% group A) to post-LAS (greater than 50% group D).
- Post-transplant survival is comparable pre- and post-LAS, overall and by diagnosis grouping